DMA ADMINISTRATIVE LETTER NO: 06-13, ADDENDUM 1, MAGI-HOUSEHOLD INCOME DETERMINATION

DATE: September 30, 2013

SUBJECT: Determining household income when applying Modified Adjusted Gross Income

(MAGI) Methodology.

DISTRIBUTION: County Directors

Medicaid Supervisors Medicaid Eligibility Staff

I. BACKGROUND

The Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act of 2010 requires the use of new financial methodologies when determining eligibility for certain Medicaid programs and NCHC. This methodology redefines the financial household and household income by eliminating the use of certain disregards and utilizing tax-based rules.

Modified Adjusted Gross Income (MAGI) methodology is to be used to determine how income is counted and how household composition and a family size is constructed when determining eligibility. MAGI is the Adjusted Gross Income with specific exceptions, according to federal tax rules. The applicant/beneficiary's countable income is the total MAGI countable income for the household.

This is the second of a series of administrative letters that will provide instructions on MAGI-based methodology. Administrative Letter 06-13 provided instructions on determining a MAGI household. The purpose of this administrative letter is to provide instructions on determining the household income when evaluating eligibility for Medicaid and NCHC.

II. OVERVIEW OF CHANGES

- A. Income limits for MAGI groups are now converted to MAGI equivalent limits (see attached "MAGI Medicaid Income limits" chart).
- B. Children age 6-18 who were previously eligible for NCHC with income under 133% will now be eligible for Medicaid. This change creates new income limits for these children who must be identified separately from MIC-N children 6-18. They will be MIC-1 children 6-18. There will be four different limits for this age group.
- C. A 5% income disregard is applied to income when determining MAGI countable income.
- D. For self-employment, all federal tax deductions that are allowed on the federal tax return are now allowed for MAGI Medicaid/NCHC.

- E. The use of disregards and deductions has significantly changed for MAGI groups. Please refer to the comparison chart in V.D.
- F. Specified relative other than a parent, and their spouse may be eligible as a caretaker. Currently, only one may be eligible as a caretaker.
- G. In certain situations, when siblings under age 19 are included in the same household, all of their income is counted in each others household. Currently, siblings' income is counted only if they were in the same Assistance Unit.
- H. There is no asset/resource test for MAF-C, MAF-N, and HSF-N.

III. POLICY PRINCIPLES

- A. The rules in this letter do not apply to Medicaid groups that do not use MAGI methodology. Refer to Administrative letter 06-13 for groups that are excluded from MAGI methodology.
- B. There is no asset/resource test for Medicaid groups that use MAGI methodology.
- C. Countable income using MAGI methodology is referred to as a MAGI countable income.
- D. Although MAGI rules are based on federal tax rules, MAGI for Medicaid and NCHC is applied whether or not an individual is expected to file a tax return or be claimed as a tax dependent. MAGI also applies to non-filer households.
- E. Determination of base periods has <u>not</u> changed with the implementation of this policy.
- F. Income conversion computation has <u>not</u> changed with the implementation of this policy. When applicable, income received weekly, bi-weekly, or twice a month must be converted to monthly gross amount.
- G. During the application/redetermination process, the a/b is required to answer whether or not they expect to file a tax return or be claimed as a tax dependent. The client's responses must be documented. However, verification is <u>not</u> required.

IV. DEFINITION OF TERMS

The following definitions are for Medicaid/NCHC purposes and how they relate to MAGI and household income

- **A.** Adjusted Gross Income (AGI) gross income minus allowable tax deductions. The IRS form 1040 may be used to determine the allowable deductions. To view forms visit IRS.gov.
- **B. Household Income** the total MAGI countable income for each individual in the MAGI household.

- **C. MAGI Countable Income** -The total countable income of an individual when MAGI methodology is applied.
- **D.** Medicaid Aged child Natural, adopted, or stepchild under the age of 19.

Note: Medicaid still covers children under the age of 21. However, they are not considered a Medicaid aged child when determining the MAGI household.

- **E.** Modified Adjusted Gross Income (MAGI) Adjusted Gross Income with specific additions and exceptions. It is called Modified Adjusted Gross Income because the rules were modified from the IRS Adjusted Gross Income rules for Medicaid/NCHC.
- **F.** Parent/Caretaker-Must have a child under the age of 18 in the household.
 - 1. A specified relative and spouse may both be eligible as the caretakers. The definition for specified relative and kinship has not changed.
 - 2. A specified relative(s) may be the caretaker even if a parent is in the home.

For example: Grandmother and mother are in the home. The mother is unable to care for her child. The grandmother can be the caretaker because she provides the day to day care for her grandchild. The statement of primary caretaker should be an ongoing situation, not temporary incapacity.

V. WHAT INCOME CAN BE COUNTED

Once the MAGI household composition is established, apply MAGI methodology to determine the total countable income for each household. Refer to Administrative Letter 06-13 for instructions on determining a MAGI household for each A/B.

A. MAGI Countable Income

- 1. MAGI countable income includes income such as, but not limited to:
 - a. Wages/tips
 - b. Unemployment
 - c. Pension and annuities
 - d. Income from business or personal services
 - e. Interest
 - f. Alimony received
 - g. Social Security benefits
 - h. Foreign earned excluded from taxes
 - i. Lump sum in the month received
- 2. Although some of the income sources indicated in the list above may not be countable under IRS rules, they are countable for Medicaid/NCHC purposes.

B. MAGI Non-Countable Income with Modifications

Do not count the following income:

- 1. Child support
- 2. Gifts and inheritances
- 3. Cafeteria/flexible spending plans
- 4. Contributions to 401(k)
- 5. Pre-tax retirement contributions
- 6. Scholarships, awards, or fellowship grants used for education expenses. Any amount used for living expenses is countable income (room and board).
- 7. Lump sums, except in the month received
- 8. Certain Native American and Alaska Native income.

C. Self-Employment

- 1. When using tax returns for self-employment, countable self-employment income can be found on line 31 of the IRS form 1040, Schedule C (IRS.gov).
- 2. If tax returns are unavailable, business records can be used. Determine gross selfemployment income and allow all <u>verified</u> expenses that are allowable deductions by the IRS shown on form 1040, Schedule C.

Note: Certain tax deductions previously not allowed for self-employment are now allowed (depreciation and business losses).

D. MAGI income rules vs. Current Medicaid income Rules

MAGI income rules differ significantly from non-MAGI income rules when determining countable income. Certain income sources that were counted or disregarded for non MAGI are no longer counted or disregarded when applying MAGI rules. The following tables compare some of the changes.

Income	Current Medicaid Rules	MAGI Medicaid Rules	
Salary Deferrals	Counted	Not Counted	
(flexible spending,			
cafeteria, 401 (k)			
plans and other pre-			
tax retirement			
contributions)			
Child Support	Counted	Not counted	
Veterans benefits	Counted	Not counted	
Worker's	Counted	Not counted	
compensation			
Gifts and Inheritances	Counted as lump sum in the	Not counted	
	month received		

Deductions/Disregards	Current Medicaid rules for Deductions	MAGI Medicaid rules for Deduction
Alimony paid	Only deducted from income when court-ordered	Deducted from income
Earned Income Deduction (27.5%)	Deducted from income	Not deducted from income
Federal and State Earned income Tax Credit (EITC)	Deducted from income	Not deducted from income
Standard Work deduction (\$90)	Deducted from income	Not deducted from income
Child/Adult care deduction	Deducted from income	Not deducted from income
Self-Employment	Limited deductions for some business expenses.	Deductions for most expenses, including depreciation and business losses as allowed by federal tax rules.
5% Income Disregard	N/A	Deducted from income

VI. WHOSE INCOME COUNTS WHEN DETERMING HOUSEHOLD INCOME

The following guide illustrates how to determine whose income counts in the tax filer or non-filer household.

A. Basic Rules

- 1. When using a tax household, do not count income of tax dependents unless they expect to file a tax return.
- 2. When using a non-filer household, if the parent(s) is in the household, do not count the income of the child unless the child expects to file taxes.
- 3. When using a non-filer household, if the parent is not in the household, count income of child under 19 and of all siblings under age 19 for all of them. Also, include income of spouse of the child.

Counting income depends on the type of household (tax or non-filer) and which individual is involved. See chart below for application of the rules.

Counting Income Tax Household

	Tax Filer(s)	Tax Dependent – child of tax filer – does not meet
		an exception
Tax	Count income of tax filer and spouse in	Count income of tax filer(s)
Household	home, if not in tax household.	
		Count income of the tax dependent applicant, and
	Only count income of tax dependents	other tax dependents who expect to file a tax return.
	who expect to file a tax return.	Count the income of the tax dependent's spouse if
		not included in the tax household.

Counting Income Non Filer

	Tax Dependent – not child of tax	Adult – age 19 or	Medicaid age child – under
	filer	older	age 19
	(non-filer rules)		
Non-filer rules	Count income for own household regardless of whether they expect to file taxes and count income of live-in spouse. If the tax dependent has children under age 19 in the household, count income of children under age 19 if they expect to file return. If the tax dependent is under age 19 (see last column for Medicaid age child-under age 19)	Count income of applicant and spouse, if in home. Count income of children in household under 19 only if expect to file return	If parent(s) is not in the household count income for own household regardless of whether they expect to file taxes and count income of live in spouse and live in siblings under age 19. If the Medicaid age child has children under age 19, count income of children under age 19 if expect to file return. If parent(s) is in the household, count the income of the parent(s). Do not count income of the child unless the child expects to file a tax return.

VII. PROCEDURES- DETERMINING THE HOUSEHOLD INCOME FOR EACH INDIVIDUAL

- A. Add the total countable monthly gross income for all household members to determine the individual's countable income.
- B. Subtract 5% income disregard for the applicable family size from the total countable income.
- C. This is the individual's total countable income which is compared to the income limit for the applicable family size and program found on the Medicaid Income Limits Chart.

VIII. EXAMPLES-DETERMINING THE HOUSEHOLD INCOME FOR EACH HOUSEHOLD

In Administrative Letter 06-13, the MAGI household was determined for the following examples. The next step is to determine the household income for each individual. Please refer to attached chart which provides the MAGI income limits to compare the countable income.

A. Annie (35), Annie's son Jacob (10) and Annie's daughter Miley (7) are in the household. Annie does not expect to file taxes or be claimed as a tax dependent.

Family financial situation:

\$50.00/weekly-Annie's salary from housecleaning \$800.00/monthly-child support payments received by Annie for Jacob and Miley

Annie is a non-filer household. Her income counts in her household. Child support payments received are not counted when applying MAGI methodology.

Annie's countable income

Weekly gross (50 x 4.3)	\$50.00
Monthly gross income	\$215.00
Minus 5% income disregard for a household of 3	<u>-\$81.38</u>
MAGI income	\$133.62

Annie is eligible for MAF-C. Annie's income is less than the limit of \$667.00 for a family size of 3.

Jacob's countable income

Jacob's household and countable income is the same as Annie's. Jacob is eligible for MAF-C. Jacob's income is less than the limit of \$667.00 for a family size of 3.

Miley's countable income

Miley's household and countable income is the same as Annie's. Miley is eligible for MAF-C. Miley's income is less than the limit of \$667.00 for a family size of 3.

	MAGI	Annie	Jacob	Miley	Family	Countable	Eligibility
cant	Household				Size	Income	
lice	Annie	X	X	X	3	\$133.62	MAF-C
applic	Jacob	X	X	X	3	\$133.62	MAF-C
60	Miley	X	X	X	3	\$133.62	MAF-C

B. Mary (51), Mary's son Bill (22), Mary's Nephew Ned (10) and Mary's niece Nancy (10) are in the household. Mary claims all as tax dependents.

Family financial situation:

\$800.00/monthly gross income-Mary's income from her home business after allowable self-employment tax deductions

\$400.00/monthly gross income-Bill's income from weekend jobs.

\$500.00/monthly gross income- Ned's SSA survivor's benefits

\$500.00/monthly gross income- Nancy's SSA survivor's benefits

Mary is a tax household and she is the filer, so her countable income is her income and income of the applicant's other tax dependents who file a tax return. Since Bill, Ned and Nancy are tax dependents and do not expect to file taxes, their income is not counted for Mary.

Mary's countable income

Monthly gross	\$800.00
5% disregard for 4	<u>-\$ 98.13</u>
MAGI income	\$701.87

Mary is eligible for MAF-C. Mary's income is less than the limit of \$744 for a family size of 4.

Bill's countable income

Bill is a child and a tax dependent of his mother. His household and countable income is the same as his mother's. Since Bill is a tax dependent and he does not expect to file taxes, his income is not counted for himself or for Mary. Ned and Nancy also do not expect to file taxes.

Bill is potentially eligible for MAF-D. His household income is less than the limit of \$3827 for a family size of 4. He does not qualify for MAF-C because he does not qualify as a caretaker

Ned's countable income

Monthly gross Ned	\$500.00
Monthly gross Nancy	\$500.00
5% disregard for 2	<u>-\$ 64.63</u>
MAGI income	\$935.37

Mary claims Ned on her taxes but Ned meets an exception, he is a tax dependent of someone other than a spouse or parent. Since he is under the age 19, his income counts for him and his sibling's household regardless of whether he expects file a tax return,

Ned is eligible for MIC-N. His income is less than the limit of \$1383 for a family size of 2.

Nancy's countable income

Nancy's countable income and household is the same as Ned's because they are under 19 in the same household.

Nancy is eligible for MIC-N. Her income is less than the limit of \$1383 for a family size of 2.

	MAGI	Mary	Bill	Ned	Nancy	Family Size	Countable	Eligibility
ıt	Household						Income	
applicant	Mary	X	X	X	X	4	\$701.87	MAF-C
ldc	Bill	X	X	X	X	4	\$701.87	MAF-D
a	Ned			X	X	2	\$935.37	MIC-N
	Nancy			X	X	2	\$935.37	MIC-N

C. Carol (49), Carol's daughter Marcia (17), Marcia's daughter, Lily (2), are in the household. Carol claims all as tax dependents.

Family's financial situation:

\$900.00/ monthly gross income-Carol's salary \$160/monthly-Carol's pre-tax retirement contributions \$360/monthly-Marcia's income from a part-time job

Carol is a tax household and she is the filer, so her countable income is her income and income of the applicant's other tax dependents who file a tax return. Since Marcia is a tax dependent and she does not expect to file taxes, her income is not counted for Carol.

Carol's countable income

Monthly gross	\$900.00
Minus pre-tax retirement contribution	-\$160.00
Carol's total taxable income	\$740.00
Minus 5% disregard for 3	<u>-\$ 81.38</u>
MAGI income	\$658.62

Carol is eligible for MAF-C. Carol's income is less than the limit of \$667 for a family size of 3.

Marcia's countable income

Marcia is a child and a tax dependent of her mother. Her household and countable income is the same as her mother's. Since Marcia is a tax dependent and she does not expect to file taxes, her income is not counted for herself or for Carol.

Marcia is eligible for MAF-C. Marcia's income is less than the limit of \$667 for a family size of 3.

Lily's countable income

Marcia's total taxable income	\$360.00
Minus 5% disregard for 2	<u>-\$ 64.63</u>
MAGI income	\$295.37

Carol claims Lily on her taxes but Lily meets an exception, she is a tax dependent of someone other than a spouse or parent. Non-filer rules apply. Her household is Lily and her mother, Marcia. Carol is not included in her household and her income is not counted. Since Lily is a non-filer household, count the income of the live-in parent. Marcia's income will count for Lily.

Lily is eligible for MIC-N. Lily's income is less than limit of \$1823 for a family size of 2.

	MAGI Household	Carol	Marcia	Lily	Family Size	Countable	Eligibility
ant						Income	
pplicant	Carol	X	X	X	3	\$658.62	MAF-C
dd	Marcia	X	X	X	3	\$658.62	MAF-C
⋖	Lily		X	X	2	\$295.37	MIC-N
	-						

D. Rose (48), Rose's daughter Alice, (17), Alice's daughter Kitty (1), are in the household. Rose claims Alice as a tax dependent. Kitty is claimed by her father Dennis (20), who does not reside in the household.

Family's financial situation:

\$1560/monthly gross income-Rose's salary \$600/monthly - Child support payments received by Rose for Alice.

Rose is an adult in a tax-filer household. Her income counts in her household. However, under MAGI rules, child support payments received are not counted.

Rose's countable income

Monthly gross	\$1560.00
Minus 5 % disregard for 2	\$ 64.63
MAGI income	\$1495.37

Rose is potentially eligible for MAF-D. Her household income exceeds the income limit of \$569 for a family size of 2 for MAF-C.

Alice's countable income

Alice is a child and a tax dependent of her mother. Her countable income is the same as her mother's countable income. Since Alice is a tax dependent and she does not expect to file taxes, her income is not counted for herself or Rose.

Alice is eligible for MIC-1. Alice's income is less than limit of \$1720 for a family size of 2, but more than \$1383 for MIC-N. Alice would have been previously eligible for NCHC but under MAGI rules, she is now eligible for MIC-1, children age 6-18.

Kitty's countable income

Since Kitty is being claimed on her father's taxes, who does not live in the household, and her mother Alice does not have any income of her own, Kitty's countable income is \$0. Rose is not included in Kitty's household so Rose's income is not counted. Kitty is eligible for MIC-N.

+	MAGI Household	Rose	Alice	Kitty	Family Size	Countable Income	Eligibility
cant	Rose	X	X		2	\$1495.37	MAF-D
pplica	Alice	X	X		2	\$1495.37	MIC-1
Ap	Kitty		X	X	2	\$0	MIC-N
	•						

E. Dennis (20) and Dennis' daughter Lynn (3) are in the household. Dennis claims Lynn as a tax dependent. Dennis also claims his other daughter Kitty (1) who lives in the household with her mother (see example D above, Rose's household).

Family's financial situation

\$2300.00/monthly gross income-Dennis' salary \$150/monthly-Pre-tax retirement contributions

Dennis is a tax household and he is the filer so his countable income is his income and the income of the applicant's other tax dependents who file a tax return. Kitty is included in Dennis' household.

Dennis' countable income

Monthly gross	\$2300.00
Minus Pre-taxed retirement contribution	-\$ 150.00
Dennis' total taxable income	\$2150.00
Minus 5% disregard for 3	<u>-\$ 81.38</u>
MAGI income	\$2068.62

Dennis is potentially eligible for MAF-D only. His household income exceeds the income limit of \$667.00 for a family size of 3 for MAF-C.

Lynn's countable income

Lynn is a child and is a tax dependent of her father. Her household and countable income is the same as her father's.

Lynn is eligible for MIC-N. Lynn's income is less than the limit of \$2295 for a family size of 3.

	MAGI	Dennis	Lynn	Kitty	Family	Countable	Eligibility
ant	Household				size	Income	
pplicant	Dennis	X	X	X	3	\$2068.62	MAF-D
dd	Lynn	X	X	X	3	\$2068.62	MIC-N
V V							

F. Jan (45), her boyfriend Phil, (49), Jan's son Mike (16), Phil's Son Brett (14), Jan and Phil's daughter, Emma (4) are in the household. Jan claims Mike as a tax dependent. Mike expects to file taxes. Phil claims Brett and Emma as tax dependents.

Family's financial situation

\$2,500/monthly gross income - Jan's salary \$1,095/monthly gross income - Phil's salary \$80.00/monthly pre-tax retirement contributions for Phil \$600.00/monthly gross income - Mike's salary

Jan is a tax household and she is the filer so her countable income is her income and the income of the applicant's other tax dependents who file a tax return. Mike expects to file a tax return so his income is included in Jan's household income. Phil's income is not counted because he is not married to Jan and is not in her household.

Jan's countable income

Jan's monthly gross	\$2500.00
Mike's monthly gross	\$ 600.00
Total taxable income	\$3100.00
Minus 5% disregard for 2	-\$ 64.63
MAGI income	\$3035.37

Jan is not eligible for any Medicaid program as her income exceeds all income limits for a family size of two.

Mike's countable income

Mike is a child and a tax dependent of his mother. His household and countable income is the same as his mother's. Mike is not eligible for any Medicaid program as his countable income exceeds all income limits for a family size of two.

Phil's countable income

Phil is a tax household and he is the filer so his countable income is his income and the income of the applicant's other tax dependents who file a tax return. Jan's income is not counted because she is not married to Phil and is not in his household.

Phil's monthly gross	\$1095.00
Minus pre-tax retirement contributions	-\$ 80.00
Total taxable income	\$1015.00
Minus 5% disregard for 3	<u>-\$ 81.38</u>
MAGI income	\$ 933.62

Phil is potentially eligible for MAF-D only. His household income exceeds the income limit of \$667.00 for a family size of three for MAF-C.

Brett's countable income

Brett is a child and a tax dependent of his father. His household and countable income is the same as his father's household and countable income.

Brett is eligible for MIC-N. Phil's income is less than the limit of \$1742 for a family size of 3.

Emma's countable income

Jan's monthly gross	\$2500.00
Phil's monthly gross	\$1095.00
Mike's monthly gross	\$ 600.00
Minus Phil's pre-tax retirement contributions	-\$ 80.00
Total taxable income	\$4115.00
Minus 5% disregard for 5	<u>-\$ 114.88</u>
MAGI income	\$4000.12

Emma is a child and a tax dependent who meets an exception; therefore non-filer rules are applied. Her countable income consists of her parent's income and Mike's income because he expects to file taxes.

Emma is eligible for MIC-1. Emma's income is less than the limit of \$4825 for a family size of 5.

	MAGI	Jan	Phil	Mike	Brett	Emma	Family	Household	Eligibility
	Household						Size	Income	
pplicant	Jan	X		X			2	\$3035.37	Ineligible
- lic	Phil		X		X	X	3	\$933.62	MAF-D
- Id√	Mike	X		X			2	\$3035.37	Ineligible
7	Brett		X		X	X	3	\$933.62	MIC-N
	Emma	X	X	X	X	X	5	\$4000.12	MIC-1

G. Patsy (45), Patsy's daughter Cindy (20), and Patsy's son Greg (16), are all in the household. Patsy does not expect to file taxes or be claimed as a tax dependent.

Family financial situation

\$1,000.00/monthly gross income -Child support payments received by Patsy for Greg.

\$1275.00/monthly gross income-veteran's benefits received by Patsy. \$375.00/monthly gross income-Cindy's income from housecleaning.

Patsy's countable income

Patsy is a non-filer household. Her income is child support and veteran's benefits, which are non-countable income for MAGI. Her countable income is \$0.

Patsy is eligible for MAF-C. Patsy's income is less than the limit of \$569 for a family size of 2.

Cindy's countable income

Cindy is an adult in a non-filer household. Her income counts in her household.

Monthly gross income	\$375.00
Minus 5% disregard for 1	<u>-\$ 47.88</u>
MAGI income	\$327.12

Cindy is eligible for MAF-N. Here income is less than the limit of \$434 for a family size of 1.

Greg's countable income

Greg is a non-filer household. His income is the same as the income of his parent. Since child support and veteran's benefits, are non-countable income for MAGI, his countable income is \$0. Greg is eligible for MAF-C (or MIC).

	MAGI	Patsy	Cindy	Greg	Family size	Household	Eligibility
ınt	Household					Income	
pplicant	Patsy	X		X	2	\$0	MAF-C
[dd	Cindy		X		1	\$327.12	MAF-N
A	Greg	X		X	2	\$0	MAF-C

H. Whitney (45), Whitney's sons, Paul (15) and Jason (12) are in the household. Jason receives SSI benefits. Whitney claims both her sons as tax dependents.

Family financial situation

\$850.00/monthly gross income-Whitney's salary \$710/monthly-Jason's Supplement Security income (SSI)

Whitney is a tax household and she is the filer, so her countable income is her income and income of the applicant's other tax dependents who file a tax return. Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is not counted.

Whitney's countable income

Monthly gross income	\$850.00
5% disregard for a household of 3	<u>-\$ 81.38</u>
MAGI income	\$768.62

Whitney is potentially eligible for MAF-D. Her income exceeds the limit of \$667 for a family size of 3 for MAF-C.

Paul's countable income

Paul is a child and a tax dependent of his mother. His countable income is the same as his mother's countable income.

Paul is eligible for MIC-N. His income is less than the limit of \$1742 for a family size of 3.

Jason is an SSI recipient-his eligibility is not determined under MAGI

	MAGI	Whitney	Paul	Jason	Family Size	Household	Eligibility
Jt	Household					income	
applicant	Whitney	X	X	X	3	\$768.62	MAF-D
 ilde	Paul	X	X	X	3	\$768.62	MIC-N
a	Jason				SSI		
					recipient		

I. Sandy (45), her husband Ben (46), and their pregnant daughter Samantha (17) are in the household. Sandy, Ben and Samantha do not expect to file taxes nor be claimed as tax dependents.

Family financial situation

\$1200.00/monthly gross income-Sandy's social security benefits \$250.00/monthly gross income-Ben's veteran's benefits \$200.00/monthly gross income-Samantha's income from babysitting.

Veteran benefits are not counted when applying MAGI methodology.

Sandy's countable income

Gross monthly income	\$1200.00
5% disregard for a household of 3	<u>-\$ 81.38</u>
MAGI income	\$1118.62

Sandy is a non-filer household. Her countable income is her social security income. Her spouse's veteran benefits are non-countable under MAGI.

Sandy is potentially eligible for MAF-D.

Ben's countable income

Gross monthly income	\$1200.00
5% disregard for 3	<u>-\$ 81.38</u>
MAGI income	\$1118.62

Ben is a non-filer household. His countable income is Sandy's social security income. His veteran's income is non-countable under MAGI.

Ben is potentially eligible for MAF-D

Samantha countable income

Samantha's is a non-filer household. Her income is not counted because she is a Medicaid aged child in the non-filer household of her parents. However, Sandy's income is counted in Samantha's household. Samantha's countable income is different from Sandy's and Ben's because she is pregnant and so her household size is 4 (herself, her mother, her father and the unborn child).

Gross monthly income	\$1200.00
5% disregard for 4	<u>- \$98.13</u>
MAGI income	\$1101.87

Samantha is eligible for MIC-N. Samantha's income is below the limit of \$2100 for a family size of 4.

	MAGI	Sandy	Ben	Samantha	Family	Household	Eligibility
licant	Household				Size	Income	
lic	Sandy	X	X	X	3	\$1118.62	MAF-D
app]	Ben	X	X	X	3	\$1118.62	MAF-D
	Samantha	X	X	x+1	4	\$1101.87	MIC-N

IX. EFFECTIVE DATE AND IMPLEMENTATION

A. Applications

Apply household income rules to all applications for coverage beginning January 1, 2014. Open enrollment for Medicaid under MAGI rules begins on October 1, 2013. If ineligible under current Medicaid rules, then evaluate for eligibility under MAGI. Coverage under MAGI programs can begin no earlier than January 1, 2014.

B. Redeterminations

Apply policy for redeterminations effective January 1, 2014. Policy will be issued at a later time for redeterminations.

If you have any questions regarding this information, please contact a Medicaid Program Representative.

Sandra Terrell Acting Director

(This material was researched and written by Ena Lightbourne, Policy Consultant, Medicaid Eligibility Unit)

MAGI MEDICAID INCOME LIMITS ""MAGI groups do not have Reserve Limits "" Revesed effective INTOTA

		9	9 9		9	4 5
		S		2000	2000	2000
/190	2000	4004	7.7	3047	7.7	3047
34 5787	31 5134	448		3827		3827
5757	58 5108	4458		3808		3808
529 5757 01-6232 6407 01-6936	25 5108.01-5529	-4825	4458.01	3808.01-4122 4458.01	3158.01-3418 3808.01-4122 4458.01	01-3418 3808.01-4122 4458.01
12 4185	3712	3240	1 A C T T T	2768	1 A C T T T	2768
329 4185.01-6232 4657.01	25 3712.01-5529	1-4825	3240.0	2768.01-4122 3240.0	3240.0	2768.01-4122 3240.0
17 3176	59 2817	2459	P. S.	2100	P. S.	2100
02 3176.01-3947 3534.01	2817.01-350	-3056	2459.01	2100.01-2611 2459.01	00.01-2611 2459.01	2100.01-2611 2459.01
01 975	24 901	824		744	667 744	
8 2	9		ιC.	4 5		7
86 3947.01-4719 4393.01-525	54 3502.01-4186	-3654	10.9906	2611.01-3121 3056.01	2165.01-2588 2611.01-3121 3056.01	2611.01-3121 3056.01
555 4719.01-6262 5251.01-6969	48 4186.01-5555	289	3654.01-4848	01-4141	2588.01-3435 3121.01-4141	01-4141

MAGI disregard		2	3	7	9	9	7	8	9	10	Add:
DISREGARD	47.88	64.63	81.38	98.13	114.88	131.63	148.38	165.13	181.88	198.63	16.8

MAGI MEDICAID INCOME LIMITS

*** MAGI groups do not have Reserve Limits – Only MAF-M group ***
Revised effective 4/1/2014

Family & Children's MA	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Add'l
196% MPW	1907	2570	3233	3896	4559	5222	5885	6549	7212	7875	664
195% MAF-D	1897	2557	3216	3876	4536	5196	5855	6515	7175	7835	660
194%-210%	1887.01-	2544.01-	3200.01-	3856.01-	4513.01-	5169.01-	5825.01-	6482.01-	7138.01-	7794.01-	711
MIC-1<1	2043	2753	3464	4174	4885	5595	6306	7016	7727	8437	
194% MIC-N <1	1887	2544	3200	3856	4513	5169	5825	6482	7138	7794	657
141%-210%	1372.01-	1849.01-	2326.01-	2803.01-	3280.01-	3757.01-	4234.01-	4711.01-	5188.01-	5665.01-	711
MIC-1 (Age 1-5)	2043	2753	3464	4174	4885	5595	6306	7016	7727	8437	
141% MIC-N (Age 1-5)	1372	1849	2326	2803	3280	3757	4234	4711	5188	5665	478
107%-133% MIC-1 (Age 6-18)	1041.01- 1294	1403.01- 1744	1765.01- 2194	2127.01- 2644	2489.01- 3094	2851.01- 3544	3213.01- 3994	3575.01- 4444	3937.01- 4894	4299.01- 5344	450
107% MIC-N (Age 6-18)	1041	1403	1765	2127	2489	2851	3213	3575	3937	4299	363
MAF-C/N	434	569	667	744	824	901	975	1036	1096	1169	78
MAF-M	242	317	367	400	433	467	500	525	542	575	MANUAL
Reserve: MAF-M	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000
NC Health Choice	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Add'l
133%-159% MIC-J (Age 6-18)	1249.01- 1547	1744.01- 2085	2194.01- 2623	2644.01- 3161	3094.01- 3699	3544.01- 4237	3994.01- 4774	4444.01- 5312	4894.01- 5850	5344.01- 6388	538
>159%-211% MIC-K (Age 6-18)	1547.01- 2052	2085.01- 2766	2623.01- 3480	3161.01- 4194	3699.01- 4908	4237.01- 5622	4774.01- 6336	5312.01- 7050	5850.01- 7764	6388.01- 8477	714
MAGI disregard	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Add'l
FPL 5% DISREGARD	48.63	65.54	82.46	99.38	116.29	133.21	150.13	167.04	183.96	200.88	16.92